The Role of Parents in Forming Morality Adolescents Puberty in Globalization Era

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Abstract

The era of globalization has a big impact on various sectors of human life without exception on the aspects of children's moral development, plus the age of adolescents who are vulnerable to the influence of the surrounding environment, for that the role of parents is the most important foundation in maintaining and developing children's morals towards a better direction. This study aims to describe how the role of parents in shaping adolescent morals. The method used is qualitative, the research site is on the south coast of West Sumatra Indonesia, the research sources are adolescents, parents and the village government. Data is obtained through observation, interviews and documentation studies, research data is analyzed interactively. From the research results it is known that parents have a role in shaping adolescent morals seen in the family environment, where parents carry out their role as carers, shelter, mentors, role models and motivators. The implication of this research is that the busyness of parents in carrying out daily tasks must still set aside time to pay attention to children's moral development, the era of globalization has many negative impacts on children's moral development, for this reason parental guidance, guidance and supervision of children is an alternative in anticipating children. the bad influence of the use of technological devices.

Keywords: globalization, adolescents, morality, parent

1. Introduction

Adolescence is a period that will determine the future of generations [1], because at this time a person experiences changes, both physically and psychologically. The occurrence of many of these changes has caused a lot of shock to the soul of the teenager[2]. Youth life is something that cannot be forgotten in the development of everyone's life. This is very prominent in the development of his behavior. In addition, there are also interesting things that will be displayed in this lifetime.

Among the physical changes of adolescents, the most influencing on the mental development of adolescents, among others, is growth (body becomes large, long and tall), begins to function of the reproductive organs and the growth of secondary genital signs. [3]. Every change experienced by adolescents often leads to psychological changes[4], where the state of the adolescent looks unlike the previous condition. The adolescent's condition experiences negative psychological conditions, so it is difficult to control and shape and be directed to good deeds. In a situation that is rapidly experiencing psychological pressure and demands for tasks and developments that will be carried out. At this age of adolescence, he will always show his identity and reveal something[5], If he has undergone a change, he has entered his teenage years, from childhood to adolescence [6].

As a determining age for adolescents, adolescents are grouped into three parts, early adolescents aged 12-14 years, middle adolescents aged 15-17 years and the

limit of late adolescence at 18-21 years. [7]. Adolescence 12-15 years is a determinant of puberty and in women at 13 years of menstruation and can fertilize the ovum, then in men who have reached puberty which is marked by the occurrence of wet dreams and can produce sperm[8].

The reality of adolescence as described above is increasingly complicated if it is associated with the era of globalization where the exchange of information is so fast, internet access often makes adolescents trapped in negative behavior.[9]. If various technological devices such as gadgets are not utilized properly, it will lead adolescents to behaviors that are not beneficial to their future[10]. Because it is not uncommon among teenagers who are addicted to using gadgets for entertainment and games[11]-[12]. The affordability of various technological devices by teenagers in this era of globalization is like two blades that can be used for positive and negative purposes[13]Therefore, participation and attention from all parties are needed for the development of children's behavior from an early age[14].

In this case, parents as people who are given a mandate by God must carry out their role in helping to create a good life for their offspring. The era of rapid globalization with the exchange of information cannot immediately replace the position of parents in providing guidance and direction to their children[15]. Parents of puberty adolescents feel complicated problems in the household environment to fulfill obligations to puberty adolescents. The obligation of parents to puberty adolescents is not only fulfilling or fulfilling the life needs of pubertal adolescents, but also shaping puberty adolescent behavior. In line with the reality of adolescents, the era of globalization and adolescent behavior described above, this article will describe how parents carry out their role in shaping adolescent morals.

2. Research Method

This study uses a qualitative method with an ethnographic approach, this approach was chosen because it wanted to reveal the information contained in a certain area. Sources of research data are adolescents aged puberty as evidenced by junior high school age, informant selection technique is purposive sampling, in addition to adolescent researchers also make parents and the village government as additional sources. Data obtained from all informants through observation, interviews and focus group discussions.

Researchers observed how parents carry out their role in shaping adolescent morals in the era of globalization and what adolescents do in everyday life. Interviews are used to obtain information from adolescents about what they get from their parents and how parents provide guidance, direction, and supervision in the family environment. Meanwhile, the focus group discussion is intended to obtain data on how parents in the village play their role in shaping the morals of the teenager generation. All data obtained based on the collection technique were then analyzed interactively, namely linking the meaning of the data obtained from various sources. Therefore, the validity of this research data is determined by the strength of the data based on triangulation.

3. Result and Discussion

Adolescents in the Barung-Barung Balantai village according to what was found at the time of the study amounted to 206 people, they are generally still students at several junior high schools. Outside their activities as students, teenagers in this area belong to a strong association with each other, this is indicated by the presence of groups of youth who sit together in places they are used to.

Their habit of holding crowds and gathering together often invites anger from parents, this is because the teenagers who gather make loud noises that can disturb the peace of the surrounding residents. From the observations it is known that the teenagers who gathered

there played online games, lagend cars and other games that used technological devices such as Android. Such habits lead to the incompleteness of adolescents in completing their tasks as students.

The presence of the role of parents to anticipate the deterioration of adolescents' morals is of course fundamental. Based on the research findings, it is known that parents in Barung-Barung Balantai village carry out their role in fostering adolescent morals, while the forms of parental roles as research data can be disclosed as in table 1.

Table 1. The role of parents in building adolescent morals

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No	The role of parents	Informant	Technique
1	Educator	Youth	Interview
		Parents	Observation
2	Supervisor	Youth	Interview
		Parents	Observation
3	Motivator	Youth	Interview
		Parents	
4	Supervision	Youth	Interview
	_	Parents	

The role of parents in shaping puberty adolescent morals is so important, so that the meaning of puberty adolescents is closely related to parents in everyday life, therefore parents must seriously carry out their functions and responsibilities to shape puberty adolescent morals so that they become a generation that obeys every the rules. The formation of puberty adolescent morals by parents of puberty adolescents is very important in life.

In accordance with the data contained in table 1 above, it is known that parents in Barung-Barung Balantai have played their role as educators in shaping puberty adolescent morals. This statement is based on the results of observations when adolescents hold crowds at night, many of the parents pick up their children from the crowded places, and at the time of the interview the parents said that their children had to study at home and complete their school assignments. Some teenagers also revealed that their parents were traveling, so they did not need to go home quickly. These findings indicate that parents in this village are active in their role as educators.

The role of parents as educators is something that must be done, because the success of children, without exception, adolescents are closely related to how the role of their parents [16], adolescents in the era of globalization cannot be left without the help of their parents for their education [17]. Adolescent moral development also requires the role of parents as educators[18], because if you only rely on the education that teenagers get in school, it will be difficult to achieve the educational goals.

Another finding of the role of parents in shaping adolescent morals is in the form of mentors, in this case, it appears that parents provide guidance to adolescents to behave well. The data found in this connection is that parents make themselves as examples for their children, such as when it is time for prayer they invite their children to go to the mosque and pray in congregation. Forming puberty adolescent morals is not as easy as imagined, for that parents in providing guidance must start from exemplary.

Parents as guides as expressed by the experts must be able to make themselves role models [19], adviser[20] and leads to good things. The formation of adolescent morals actually starts from the family environment, so in Islam it is said that the family is "almadrasah al-ula"[21]. In accordance with the data obtained and the statements of the researchers, it can be confirmed that the parents in the Barung-Barung Balantai village have played their role as educators in fostering teenage morals.

Research data also indicate that parents play their role as motivators. In accordance with the research findings, it appears that parents motivate adolescents to always have good character. Among the informants there were those who stated that he gave a reward to his teenager if in one semester he was not involved in a case at school. This data shows

that parents in Barung-Barung Balantai play their role as motivators for their children in building morals.

The role of parents as motivators has also been reminded by observers and practitioners of child development. Nofrizal and friends emphasized that the position of the role of parents in providing motivation has shown a positive value for improving student learning[22]. Bempechat and Shernof emphasized that motivation from parents has a serious impact on children, both in individual development and social development [23]. For adolescent moral development in the era of globalization, parents carry out their role as motivators by providing successful examples of world figures based on moral goodness.

Adolescent moral development in the era of globalization is also carried out by parents by carrying out their function as supervisor. In accordance with the data obtained, it is known that parents in Barung-Barung Balantai provide supervision of the behavior of teenagers in this area. The role of parents as supervisors in this case will be able to reduce bad behavior among adolescents. To become a supervisor of children's behavior, parents can do this by using the location shares where the child is when they are not at home. Parental supervision is increasingly needed considering that the era of globalization is full of things that can harm children's future[24].

Efforts to supervise the behavior of adolescents in Barung-Barung Balantai as described above show that the parents in the village play their role as supervisors in developing adolescent morals in the era of globalization. From the research findings that have been explained and discussed, it can be emphasized that the novelty contained in this study is the forms of the role played by parents in fostering adolescent morals in the era of globalization. The era of globalization with fast access to information is used to build adolescent morals.

4. Conclusion

The role of parents in the Barung-barung Balantai village in adolescent morals development can be seen from four things, namely their role as educators, coaches, motivators and supervisors. For the effectiveness of these four roles, parents use technology as a medium between themselves and their teenagers. Adolescents are given a time limit in using technological tools such as Android, this is deemed necessary because teenagers with unstable nature are worried about using this technology to access things that can damage their morals and future.

The implication of this research is that the use of technological devices in the era of globalization for adolescents must get control from their parents, because the future of adolescents who are still vulnerable to abnormal behavior can be destroyed due to the use of inappropriate technology tools. For this reason, parents with various activities must set aside time to pay attention to the moral development of adolescents.

5. References

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